

2a

lok. extr. $\alpha = f(x, y)$

$$\alpha = 1 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = 1 - (x^2 + y^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$D(f) = \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$\alpha'_x = -\frac{1}{2} (x^2 + y^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2x = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$

$$\alpha'_y = -\frac{1}{2} (x^2 + y^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2y = \frac{-y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$

$$x \neq 0 \vee y \neq 0$$

NB: $\alpha'_x = 0$
 $\alpha'_y = 0$

$$\frac{-x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} = 0$$

$$\frac{-y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x=0 \\ y=0 \end{array}$$

NULOVÉ BODY NEJSOU!

$$1 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\geq 0 \quad \forall [x, y] \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$= 0 \quad x, y = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$ v $[0, 0]$ je lok. max

(dokonce globální)